		Approved For Release 2004/03/11 : CIA-RDP82-00047R00	00300510004-7
;		CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY INFORMATION REPORT 25X1A	
	COUNTRY	China	DATE DISTR. 2 NOV. 53
	SUBJECT	Medical Training	NO. OF PAGES 3
	PLACE ACQUIRED	25X1A	NO. OF ENCLS.
X1	DATE ACQUIRED		SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.
		NFORMATION 25X1	ner out no.
	THIS BOCUMENT OF THE UNITED IN ANO 794, DF THE LATION OF ITS CPROHIBITED BY L	ORTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE WATTORAL DEFENSE	VALUATED INFORMATION
X1	25X1X		
X1X	1.	In general it can be said that medical training in Cl pletely inadequate for the needs of the country, altireceived in some institutions is excellent. However there were only 26 medical schools in althan 50% of which could be considered Grade A. The schools in remote areas where the training was of a but better than nothing.	hough the training 11 of China, less balance were small wery low standard,
	2.	medical training available	25X1 25X
X1X			
X1X	Fukien Christian University at Foochow, Fukien Province. This school was supported by three US religious denominations and the school had excellent standards. However it was a small institution, having total enrollment of less than five hundred students in the four-year course. Of the five hundred probably no more than 10-15 were taking premedical training.		ted by three US re- tandards. However it Less than five hundred
	4.	During the hostilities Fukien University moved to Shebut moved back to Foochow after World War II.	o Wu, Fukien Province,
X1X X1X	5.	Shanghai, the Mational M	dedical College in
	6.	The National Medical College has a capacity of about but the average enrollment was from two to three hund of training was used in that the student had a five-y a degree, which includes a one-year internship.	ired. The UK system
	7•	Training received at the National Medical College of eral practice rather than specialization or teaching. and English instruction was standard.	
	8.	The clinical facilities made available to medical stu Medical College were good in that there were three ex pitals in Shanghai, with large and well qualified fac	cellent teaching hos-
		CLASSIFICATION CONFIDENTIAL	2
	STATE X	ARMY X DISTRIBUTION :	2

	Approved For Release 2004/03/11 : CIA-RDP82-00047R000300510004-7	5X1A
	CONFIDENTIAL	
	- 2 -	ı
9•	The teaching hospitals give excellent training in surgery, orthopedic surgery, ear, nose and throat, ophthalmology, obstetrics, gynecology, psychiatry, dermatology, pathology, and neuro-surgery. Excellent training was also given in internal medicine.	
10.	The three hospitals were modern and very well equipped, and they were of fairly good size. One had approximately four hundred beds, another 350 and the third about 150. The latter was for chronic ailments, primarily.	
11.	The National Medical College was also affiliated with the Contagious Diseases Hospital of Shanghai, a municipally operated hospital of about one hundred beds which specialized in such contagious diseases as cholera. Most medical students worked at the Contagious Diseases Hospital during summer vacations.	
12.	Instructors at the National Medical College were of a variety of nationalities, with US and UK nationals predominating. However, the Chinese instructors on the staff were excellent. Many of them had been trained at Johns Hopkins, Harvard, Yale, and Pennsylvania.	
13.	The National Medical College was founded by the same man who founded Yale in China, Dr F C $\underline{\text{Yen}}$, a graduate of Johns Hopkins.	
14.	During World War II most graduates of the National Medical College went into government service. Prior to World War II about 50% of the graduates remained on the staff of the Shanghai Medical Center and a very small percentage went into private practice.	
15.	National Central Hospital in Nanking. This was one of five hospitals of the same name in China. The others were located in Canton, Tientsin, Lanchow, and Hankow. All of these hospitals were well equipped and had from three to six hundred beds, with the exception of the hospital in Nanking which had about eight hundred beds.	5X1X
16.	The National Central Hospital in Nanking was the oldest of the five. The other four were established after World War II. All were staffed mostly with Chinese doctors.	
17.	All of the National Central Hospitals had excellent schools of nursing and also had facilities for the training of laboratory technicians.	
18.	An institution known as IHT, Institute of Hospital Technicians, in Hankow, offered the best training for hospital technicians. It was run by a Canadian Mission and had excellent and modern X-ray equipment and pathological equipment.	
L9 .		
20.	Medical training in China prior to World War II placed great emphasis on public health, and great emphasis is still being placed on this subject. However the quality of medical instruction has deteriorated due to the interest of the current regime in developing a large number of medical technicians in a very short time.	25X1
21.	training in medical schools in China	
	is now divided into three groups. One group receives only one year's training and the "graduates" are sent to rural areas. They are barely able to give innoculations and first aid.	
	CONFIDENTIAL	25X1

11.

12.

13.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

25X1X

25X1

25X1X

25X1X

		Approved For Release 2004/03/11 : CIA-RDP82-00047R000300510004-7	
		CONFIDENTIAL, 25	5X1A
		-3-	
	22,	A second group receives two year's training and are then sent into rural areas as head medical officers for the district.	
	23.	A third group receives three pear's training, which is more in line with a regular although shorter, medical course.	
	24.	In addition to the fact that students in all three classifications do not receive sufficient medical instruction, at least half their time is spent taking such courses as political science so they are probably much better politicians than medical practitioners.	
25X1X	25.	training for nurses is even worse than the current training being given doctors in Communist China. Nurses are divided into two groups, one of which receives a maximum of six month's training and the other receives a maximum of one year's training.	
051/4	26.	As far as medical research is concerned	25X1
25X1		There was a very excellent medical research institute in Shanghai headed by a Dr Wm Robinson which gave excellent training in bacteriology and parasitology.	25X1
25X1	27.	On the steff of the institution was Dr T Y Ku He was an excellent pathologist and had received wide training in	25X1
		the US and Germany. Dr Ku was also dean of the medical school in Shanshai	25X1
	-0		
	28.	Another topflight doctor is Dr James Shen, head of the National Central Hospital of Nanking. He is an excellent surgeon He graduated from Western Reserve University in Cleveland, Ohio.	25X1
25X1			
	29.	As far as training in pathology is concerned facilities are extremely limited and during World War II only the largest medical centers in China had any facilities for training in this field.	.,
		-end-	
		,	25X1
		CONFIDENTIAL	25X1